NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL3224BC35-22

14 cm (5.5 Type) QVGA



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All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL3224BC35-22 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing circuit, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

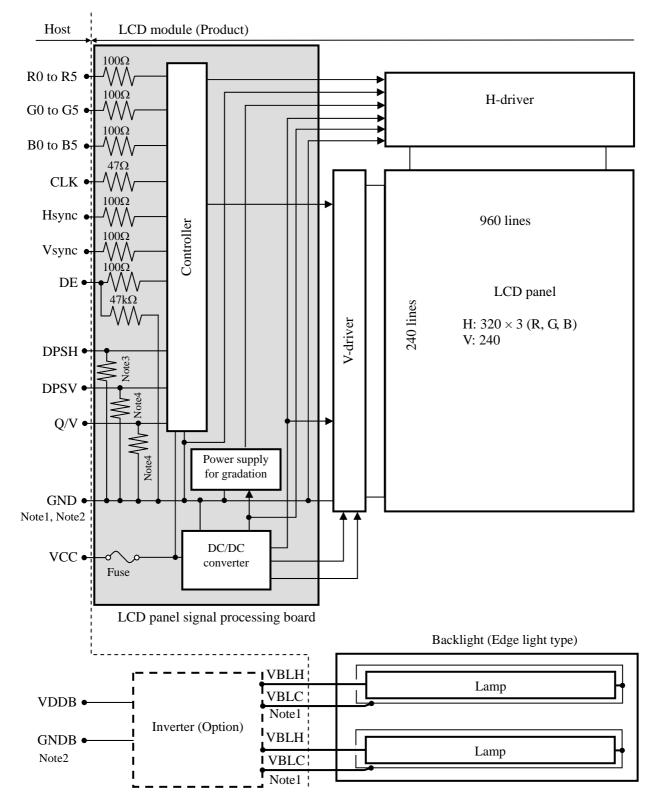
- Adoption of ST-NLT (Super-Transmissive Natural Light TFT)
- High luminance
- Wide color gamut
- Wide viewing angle
- Low reflection
- 6-bit digital RGB signals
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable QVGA or VGA mode
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	111.36 (H) × 83.52 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	14cm (5.5 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	262,144 colors
Pixel	
	$320 (H) \times 240 (V)$ pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.116 (H) \times 0.348 (V) mm$
Pixel pitch	$0.348 (H) \times 0.348 (V) mm$
Module size	$134.0 \text{ (W)} \times 104.5 \text{ (H)} \times 12.5 \text{ (D) mm (typ.)}$
Weight	215g (typ.)
Contrast ratio Note1	500:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle Note1	 At the contrast ratio≥ 10:1 Horizontal: Right side 55° (typ.), Left side 55° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 50° (typ.), Down side 40° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPSH, DPSV= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: down side (6 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: up side (12 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Clear + Antireflection (AR)
Polarizer pencil-hardness	2H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 50% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$\begin{array}{l} Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%) \\ 30ms (typ.) \end{array}$
Luminance	At IBL= 5.0mArms / lamp 750cd/m ² (typ.)
Signal system	6-bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE), Horizontal synchronous signal (Hsync), Vertical synchronous signal (Vsync)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V or 5.0V
Backlight	Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: Type No. 55LHS11 (Recommended inverter (Option) • Inverter: Type No. 55PW131
Power consumption Note1	At IBL=5.0mArms / lamp, Checkered flag pattern 3.8W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)

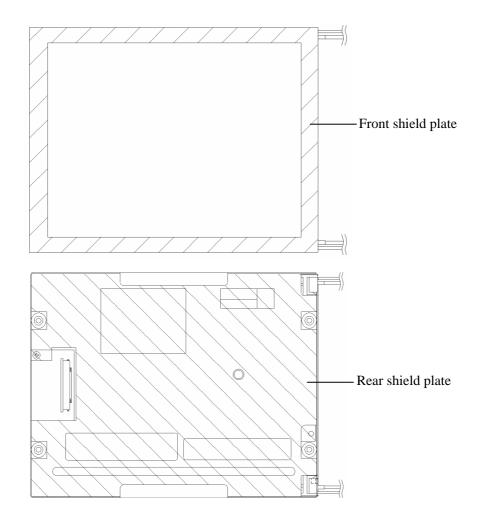
Note1: At QVGA mode

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



Note1: Connections between GND (Signal ground), shield plate and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the LCD module

Front shield plate - Rear shield plate	Not connected
GND - Front shield plate and Rear shield plate	Not connected
VBLC - Front shield plate and Rear shield plate	Not connected
GND - VBLC	Not connected



Note2: GND and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

10105.1 un-	iowii resistance of	i Di Si più		
Pow	er supply voltage	Pu	lll-down resistance of DPSH p	p
	VCC	min.	typ.	

Note3: Pull-down resistance of DPSH pin

Power supply voltage	Pı	lll-down resistance of DPSH	pin (kΩ)
VCC	min.	typ.	max.
at 3.3V	8.2	13.0	18.3
at 5.0V	6.0	10.0	15.0

Note4: Pull-down resistance of DPSV pin and Q/V pin

Power supply voltage	Pull-dow	vn resistance of DPSV pin and	d Q/V pin (kΩ)
VCC	min.	typ.	max.
at 3.3V	13.0	18.3	23.0
at 5.0V	10.0	15.0	20.0

4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification	Unit	
Module size	$134.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 104.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 12.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	111.36 (H) × 83.52 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	215 (typ.), 225 (max.)		g

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter			Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply LCD panel signal p		processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +6.5	V		
voltage	Lamp v	voltage	VBLH	1,500	Vrms		
Input voltage	Display Not		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	V	Ta= 25°C	
for signals	Function Not		VF	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	v		
I	ncident light intensi	ty	II	150,000	lx	Note3	
	Storage temperature	9	Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-	
Onematina	Front surface		TopF	-10 to +70	°C	Note4	
Operating	temperature	Rear surface	TopR	-10 to +75	°C	Note5	
				≤ 95	%	$Ta \le 40^{\circ}C$	
				≤ 85	%	$40 < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$	
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 70	%	$50 < Ta \le 55^{\circ}C$	
	Note6			≤ 60	%	$55 < Ta \le 60^\circ C$	
			≤ 5 0	%	$60 < Ta \le 65^{\circ}C$		
			≤ 42	%	$65 < Ta \le 70^{\circ}C$		
Absolute humidity Note6			AH	≤ 83 Note7	g/m ³	Ta > 70°C	

Note1: CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)

Note2: DPSH, DPSV, Q/V

Note3: If the product surface (polarizer) is exposed to an ultraviolet ray, the polarizer may discolor (Surface treatment may be damaged.). Use a filter to protect the polarizer from the ultraviolet ray.

Note4: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note5: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note6: No condensation

Note7: Water amount at Ta= 70° C and RH= 42%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

							$(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$						
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks						
Dower supply yeld		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	at VCC= 3.3V						
Power supply volt	age	vee	4.75	5.0	5.25	V	at VCC= 5.0V						
	QVGA		-	65 Note1	105 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V						
Denne and be annual	mode VGA mode	mode	mode	ICC	-	50 Note1	85 Note2	mA	at VCC= 5.0V				
Power supply current		ice	-	95 Note1	175 Note2	mA	at VCC= 3.3V						
		mode	mode	mode	mode	mode	mode	mode	node	-	70 Note1	130 Note2	mA
Logic input voltage for	High	VDLH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level						
display signals	Low	VDLL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS level						
Input voltage for	High	VFDH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V							
DPSH, DPSV and Q/V signal	Low	VFDL	0	-	0.9	V	-						

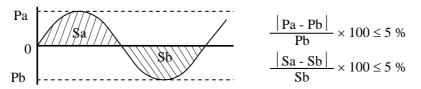
Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522] Note2: Pattern for maximum current

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

						(Ta=25°C, Note1)
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	4.5	5.0	5.5	mArms	at IBL= 5.0mArms: L= 750cd/m ² Note3
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	350	-	Vrms	Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	VS	550	-	-	Vrms	Ta= 25°C Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	10	780	-	-	Vrms	Ta= -10°C Note2, Note3
Lamp oscillation frequency	FO	39	43	47	kHz	Note4

Note1: This product consists of 2 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

- Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).
- Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.



Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part.

Note4: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

- th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS".)
- n: Natural number (1, 2, 3)
- Note5: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.

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4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p
VCC	5.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

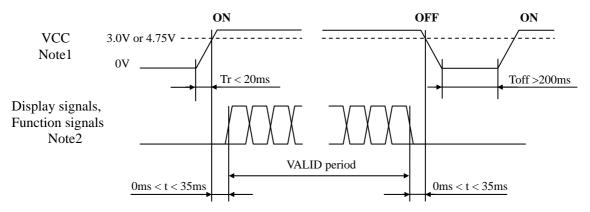
4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter		use	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
I arameter	Туре	Supplier	Katilig	Fusing current	Remarks
VCC	ICP-S1.8	ROHM Co., Ltd.	1.8A	4.0A	Note1
vee	101-51.6	KOHM CO., Liu.	50V	4.0A	Note1

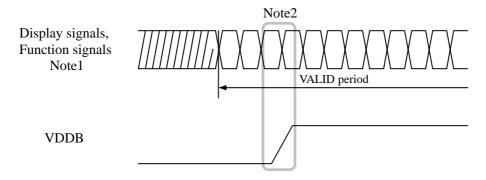
Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



- Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V in "VCC = 3.3V" or 4.75V in "VCC = 5.0V", a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.
- Note2: Display signals (CLK, Hsync, Vsync, DE, DATA (R0 to R5, G0 to G5, B0 to B5)) and function signals (DPSH, DPSV, Q/V) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.
- 4.4.2 Inverter (Option)



- Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.
- Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in \therefore order to avoid unstable data display.

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4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): 08 6260 033 340 829+ (Kyocera Elco Corp.)

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Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	GND	Ground	Note1
2	CLK	Dot clock	
3	Hsync	Horizontal synchronous signal	-
4	Vsync	Vertical synchronous signal	
5	GND	Ground	Note1
6	R0	Red data (LSB)	Least significant bit
7	R1	Red data	
8	R2	Red data]
9	R3	Red data	-
10	R4	Red data	
11	R5	Red data (MSB)	Most significant bit
12	GND	Ground	Note1
13	G0	Green data (LSB)	Least significant bit
14	G1	Green data	
15	G2	Green data]
16	G3	Green data	-
17	G4	Green data	
18	G5	Green data (MSB)	Most significant bit
19	GND	Ground	Note1
20	B0	Blue data (LSB)	Least significant bit
21	B1	Blue data	
22	B2	Blue data	
23	B3	Blue data	-
24	B4	Blue data	
25	B5	Blue data (MSB)	Most significant bit
26	GND	Ground	Note1
27	DE	Selection of DE / Fixed mode	Data enable signal:DE modeHigh or Open:Fixed mode
28	VCC	Power supply	Notel
29	VCC	Power supply	Note1
30	DPSH	Selection of scan direction (Horizontal)	Low or Open: Normal scan Note2
31	DPSV	Selection of scan direction (Vertical)	High: Reverse scan
32	Q/V	Selection of QVGA / VGA mode	High: VGA mode Note2
33	GND	Ground	Note1

Note1: All VCC and GND terminals should be used without any non-connected lines. Note2: See "**4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS**".

4.5.2 Backlight lamp

Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

CN2 plug:	BHR-03VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket:	SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-1-TB (LF) (SN), SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-1-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

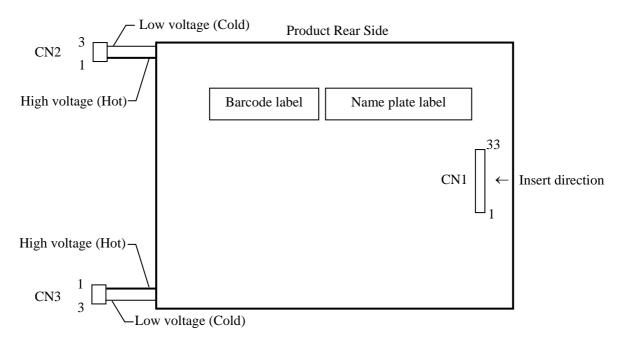
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
2	N.C.	-	Keep this pin open.
3	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: White

CN3 plug: BHR-03VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Adaptable socket: SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-1-TB (LF) (SN), SM03 (4.0) B-BHS-1-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: Pink
2	N.C.	-	Keep this pin open.
3	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: White

4.5.3 Positions of plugs and a socket



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display	colors												High I						
Display	Colors	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B5	B 4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
col	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basic colors	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
B_{i}	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	↑ ,	:				:						:							
ца Пар	\downarrow			:												:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray	↑ 			:												:			
Green gray scale	\downarrow				:											:	:		
Jre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ű	G	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
lle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	↑			:												:			
le g	↓	0	0	0	:	~	0	0	0	0	:	~	~	1	1	1	:	0	
Blt	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Dlus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

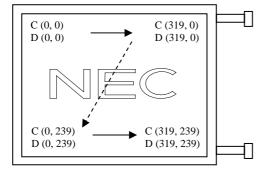
The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

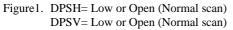
C (0,	0) B					
C(0, 0)	C(1, 0)	•••	C(X, 0)	•••	C(318, 0)	C(319, 0)
C(0, 1)	C(1, 1)	• • •	C(X, 1)	• • •	C(318, 1)	C(319, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	•••	•	•••
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)	• • •	C(X, Y)	•••	C(318, Y)	C(319, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0,238)	C(1,238)	• • •	C(X,238)	•••	C(318, 238)	C(319, 238)
C(0,239)	C(1,239)	•••	C(X,239)	•••	C(318, 239)	C(319, 239)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

4.8.1 QVGA mode

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.





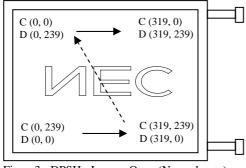


Figure 3. DPSH= Low or Open (Normal scan) DPSV= High (Reverse scan)

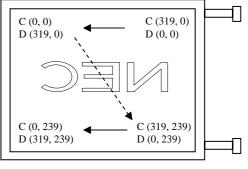
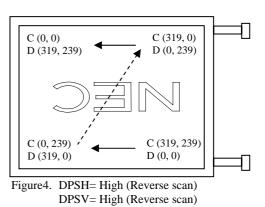


Figure 2. DPSH= High (Reverse scan) DPSV= Low or Open (Normal scan)

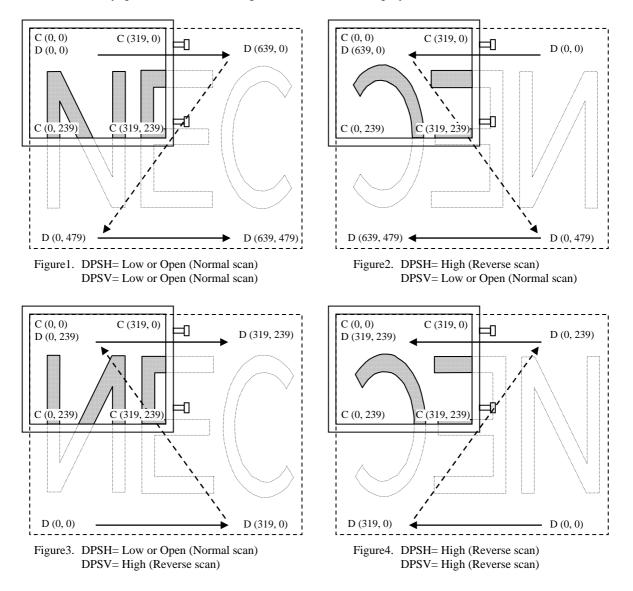


C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

4.8.2 VGA mode

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan. In the VGA mode, only quarter of VGA data signals (640×480) are displayed on the screen.

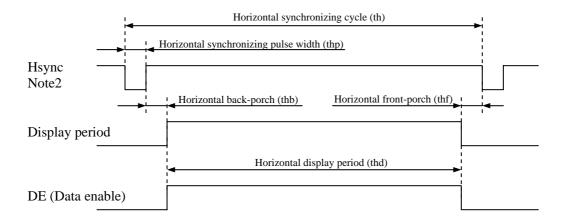


Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

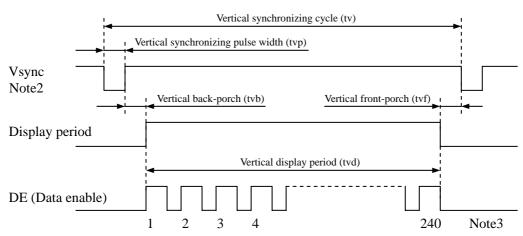
4.9.1 QVGA mode

- (1) Outline of input signal timings
 - Horizontal signal
 - Note1



• Vertical signal





- Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.
- Note2: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode.
- Note3: See "4.9.1 (3) Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

(2) Timing characteristics

(a) Fixed mode

-					-	-		(Note1)
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Frequ	ency	1/tc	5.0	6.4	7.0	MHz	157.5ns (typ.)
CLK	Du	Duty		0.4	-	0.6	-	
	Rise time,	Fall time	tcrf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	5	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	10	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise time,	Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Сус	le	th	57.7	63.5	80.8	μs	15.7kHz (typ.)
	Cyc		ui		404		CLK	
	Display	period	thd		320		CLK	
	Front-	thf		7		CLK	-	
Hsync	Pulse	thp	3	-	76	CLK		
lisync	Back-j	thb	1	-	74	CLK		
	Total of pulse wide	thp + thb		77		CLK	Note2	
	CLK-Hsync Setup time		ths	5	-	-	ns	
	CLK-Hsync	Hold time	thh	10	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time,	Rise time, Fall time			-	10	ns	
	Сус	le	tv	15.1	16.6	21.2	ms	60.1Hz (typ.)
	Cyc		tv		262		Н	
	Display	period	tvd		240		Н	
	Front-	porch	tvf		1		Н	-
Vsync	Pulse	width	tvp	2	-	20	Н	
vsync	Back-	porch	tvb	1	-	19	Н	
	Total of pulse widt	h and back-porch	tvp + tvb		21		Н	Note2
	Hsync-Vsync timing		thv	1	-	-	CLK	
	Vsync-Hsy	rnc timing	tvh	10	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time,	Fall time	tvrf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc=1CLK, tcd=tch/tc, th=1H

Note2: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

NL3224BC35-22

(b) DE mode

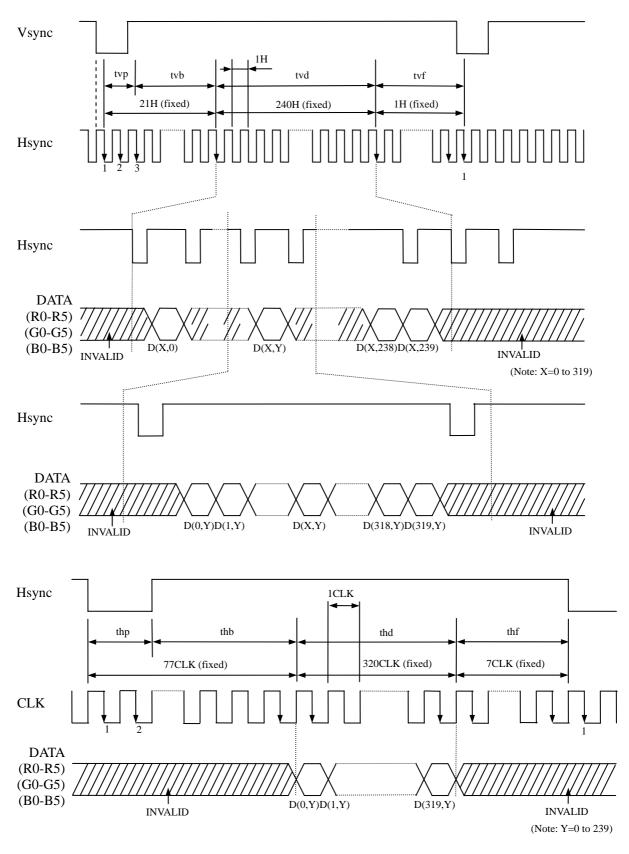
								(Note1, Note2)
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Frequ	1/tc	5.0	6.4	7.0	MHz	157.5ns (typ.)	
CLK	Du	ity	tcd	0.4	-	0.6	-	
	Rise time,	Fall time	tcrf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	5	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	10	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise time,	Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Pulse	width	tvp	2	-	20	Н	
T .	Vsync-DE	Setup time	tvds	1	-	-	CLK	
Vsync		Hold time	tvdh	1	-	-	CLK	-
	Rise time,	Rise time, Fall time			-	10	ns	
		Guele	4	57.7	63.5	80.8	μs	15.7kHz (typ.)
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	331	404	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd		320		CLK	-
				15.1	16.6	21.2	ms	60.1Hz (typ.)
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	242	262	-	Н	
		Display period	tvd		240		Н	
		Setup time	tdes	5	-	-	ns	-
	CLK-DE	Hold time	tdeh	10	-	-	ns	
	Rise time, Fall time		tderf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

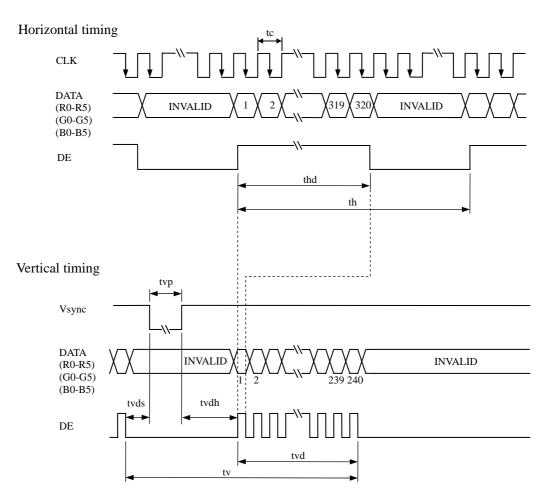
tc=1CLK, tcd=tch/tc, th=1H

Note2: Hsync signal (Pin No.3 of CN1) is not used inside the product at DE mode but do not keep pin open to avoid noise problem.

- (3) Input signal timing chart
 - (a) Fixed mode

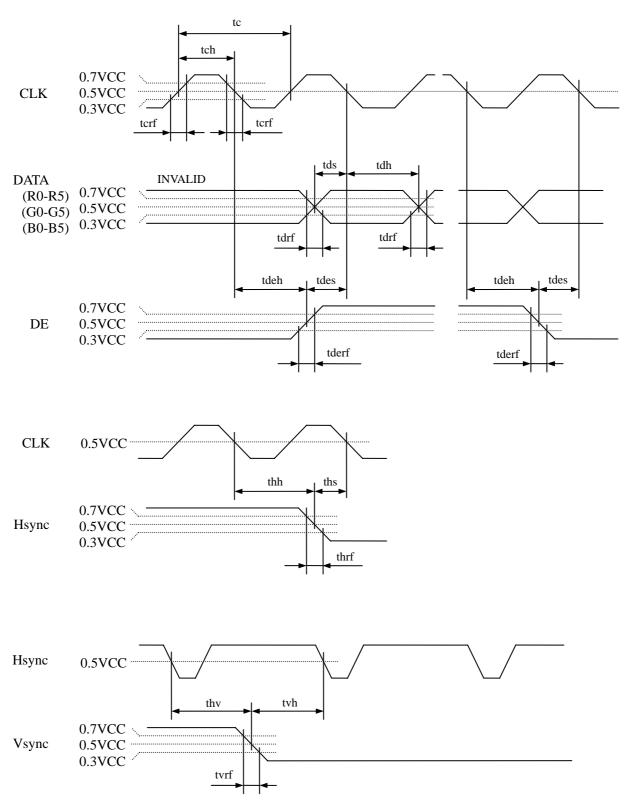


(b) DE mode



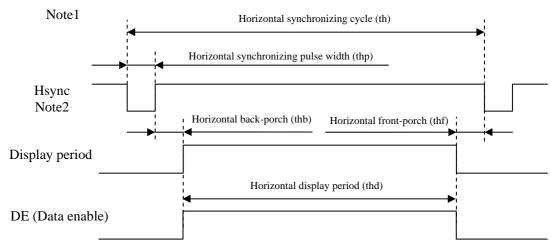
NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.



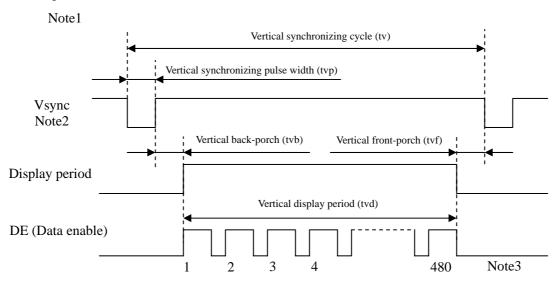


4.9.2 VGA mode

- (1) Outline of input signal timings
 - Horizontal signal



• Vertical signal



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: Fixed mode cannot be used while working of DE mode. Note3: See "**4.9.2** (**3**) **Input signal timing chart**" for numeration of pulse.

(2) Timing characteristics

(a) Fixed mode

					1			(Note1)
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Freq	uency	1/tc	21.0	25.175	29.0	MHz	39.72ns (typ.)
CLK	D	Duty			0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise time	e, Fall time	tcrf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	12	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise time	e, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	C.	vcle	th	30.0	31.778	33.6	μs	31.468kHz (typ.)
		Cle	ui		800		CLK	
	Displa	y period	thd		640		CLK	
	Front	thf		16		CLK	-	
Havea	Pulse	thp	10	96	-	CLK		
Hsync	Back-porch		thb	-	48	134	CLK	
	Total of pulse wid	thp + thb		144		CLK	Note2	
	CLK Haune Setup time		ths	8	-	-	ns	
	CLK- Hsync	Hold time	thh	12	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time	Rise time, Fall time			-	10	ns	
	C.	vcle	f ar	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
		Cle	tv		525		Н	
	Displa	y period	tvd		480		Н	
	Front	-porch	tvf	12			Н	-
Vsync	Pulse	width	tvp	1	2	-	Н	
vsync	Back	-porch	tvb	-	31	32	Н	
	Total of pulse wid	Total of pulse width and back-porch			33		Н	Note2
	Hsync-Vsync timing		thv	1	-	-	CLK	
	Vsync-Hs	sync timing	tvh	30	-	-	ns	-
	Rise time	e, Fall time	tvrf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc=1CLK, tcd=tch/tc, th=1H

Note2: Keep tvp + tvb and thp + thb within the table. If it is out of specification, display position will be shifted to right/left side or up/down.

b) Dl	E mode
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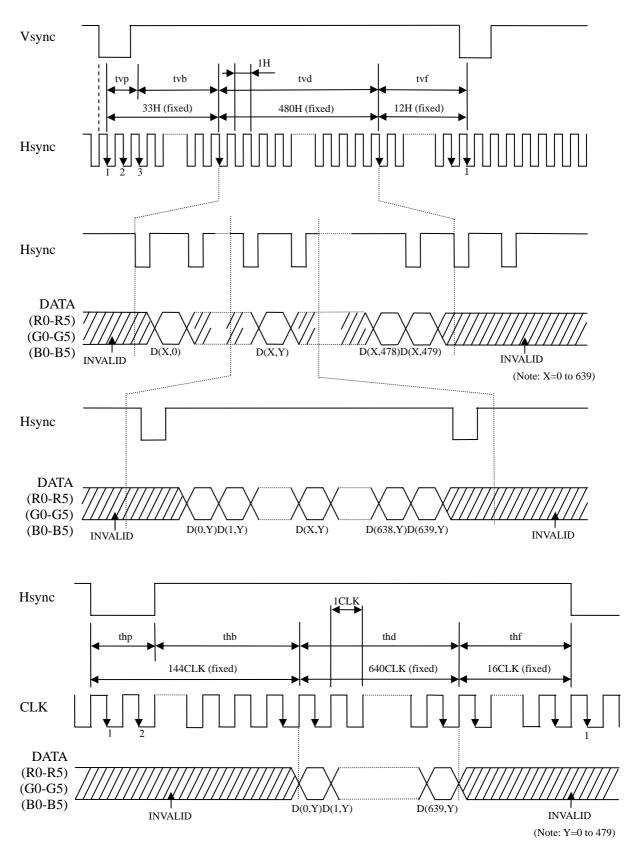
								(Note1, Note2)
	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
	Free	1/tc	21.0	25.175	29.0	MHz	39.72ns (typ.)	
CLK	I	Duty	tcd	0.4	0.5	0.6	-	
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	tcrf	-	-	10	ns	-
DATA	CLK-DATA	Setup time	tds	8	-	-	ns	
(R0-R5) (G0-G5)	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	tdh	12	-	-	ns	-
(B0-B5)	Rise tim	e, Fall time	tdrf	-	-	10	ns	
	Puls	tvp	1	2	-	Н		
Vsync	Vsync-DE timing	Setup time	tvds	1	-	-	CLK	
vsync		Hold time	tvdh	1	-	-	CLK	-
	Rise tim	tvrf	-	-	10	ns		
		Cycle	th	30.0	31.778	33.6	μs	31.468kHz (typ.)
	Horizontal	Cycle		-	800	-	CLK	
		Display period	thd		640		CLK	-
		Cycle	tv	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms	59.94Hz (typ.)
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	-	525	-	Н	
		Display period	tvd		480		Н	-
	CLK-DE	Setup time	tdes	8	-	-	ns	
	CLK-DE	Hold time	tdeh	12	-	-	ns	-
	Rise tim	e, Fall time	tderf	-	-	10	ns	

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

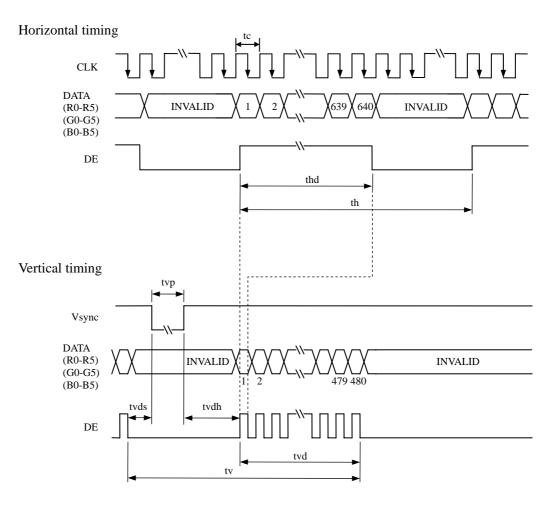
tc=1CLK, tcd=tch/tc, th=1H

Note2: Hsync signal (Pin No.3 of CN1) is not used inside the product at DE mode. Do not keep pin open to avoid noise problem.

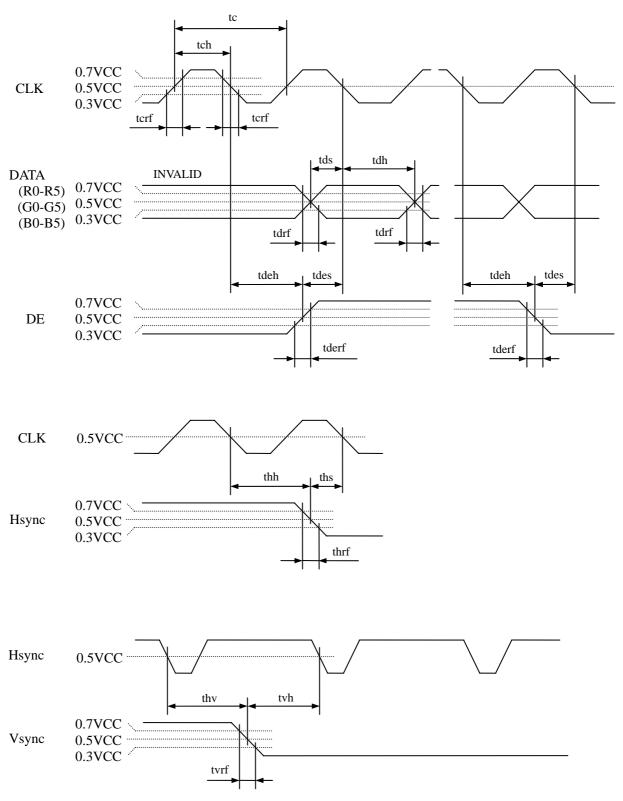
- (3) Input signal timing chart
 - (a) Fixed mode



(b) DE mode







4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

Optical characteristics are only applied to the QVGA mode. 7	The VGA mode is exempted from the assurance.
	(Note1, Note2)

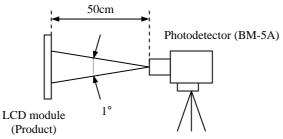
						(1	Note I,	Notez)	
Paramete	Parameter Condition		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Luminand	ce	White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	550	750	-	cd/m ²	-	
Contrast ratio		White/Black at center $\theta R=0^{\circ}, \theta L=0^{\circ}, \theta U=0^{\circ}, \theta D=0^{\circ}$	CR	320	500	-	-	Note3	
Luminance uniformity		White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	LU	-	1.25	1.35	-	Note4	
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.270	0.300	0.330	-		
	white	y coordinate	Wy	0.310	0.340	0.370	-		
Chromaticity	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.615	-	-	Note5	
		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.350	-	-		
	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.320	-	-		
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.575	-	-		
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.150	-	-		
	Diue	y coordinate	By	-	0.130	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	40	50	-	%		
Response time		White to Black	Ton	-	5	15	ms	Note6	
		Black to White	Toff	-	25	50	ms	Note7	
Viewing angle	Right	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θR	45	55	-	0	Note8	
	Left	$\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$	θL	45	55	-	0		
	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	40	50	-	0		
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	30	40	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IBL= 5.0mArms/lamp, Horizontal cycle= 1/15.7kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.1Hz, DPSH= Open, DPSV= Open, Q/V= Low or Open: QVGA mode

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 33°C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

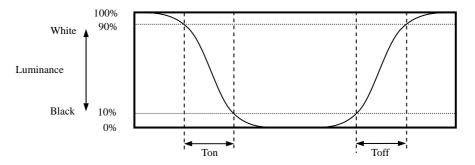
The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

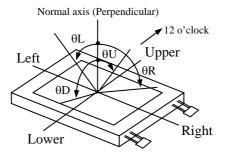
	5	3	160		266		
40		0				2	
120				3			
200		<u>4</u>			(5	

4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



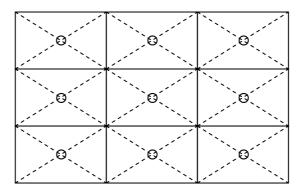
5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Reliability tests are only applied to the QVGA mode. The VGA mode is exempted from the assurance.

Test item	Condition	Judgement		
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 55 ± 2°C, RH = 85%, 240hours Display data is black. 			
High temperature (Operation)	 70 ± 3°C, 240hours Display data is black. 			
Heat cycle (Operation)	 ① -10±3°C1hour 70±3°C1hour ② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle ③ Display data is black. 			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions Note		
ESD (Operation)	 ① 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 			
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 			
Vibration (Non operation)	O			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 980m/s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction 3 times each directions 	Note1		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

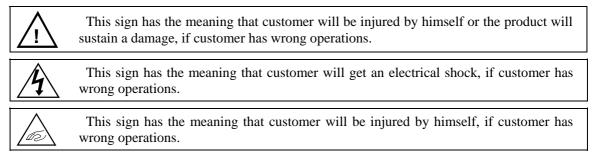
Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



6. PRECAUTIONS

6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!**



6.2 CAUTIONS

* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.

* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.

11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (\$16mm jig))

6.3.1 Handling of the product

6.3 ATTENTIONS

① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.

* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 980m/s² and to be not greater

- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- (4) When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N⋅m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- (6) The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- (a) Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.

- ③ Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp.
- If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- 1 When not connecting shield plate of the LCD module to the customer's equipment ground, inverter noise may create video noise on the LCD screen.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.

6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

6.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Response time, luminance and color may be changed by ambient temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- [©] Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- ⑦ The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.
- (a) The color of the polarizer surface may differ between products because of antireflection treatment.

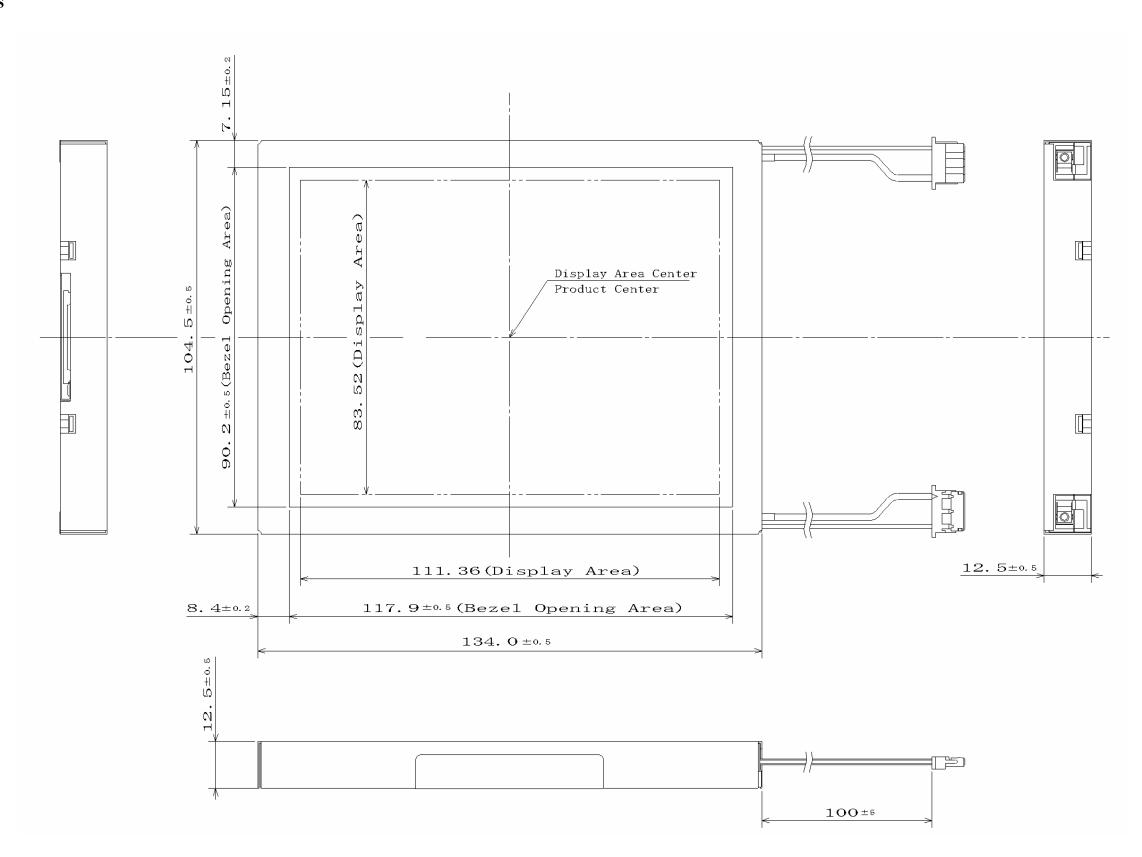
6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing backlight lamps.
- ④ Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- (5) Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.

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7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

7.1 FRONT VIEW

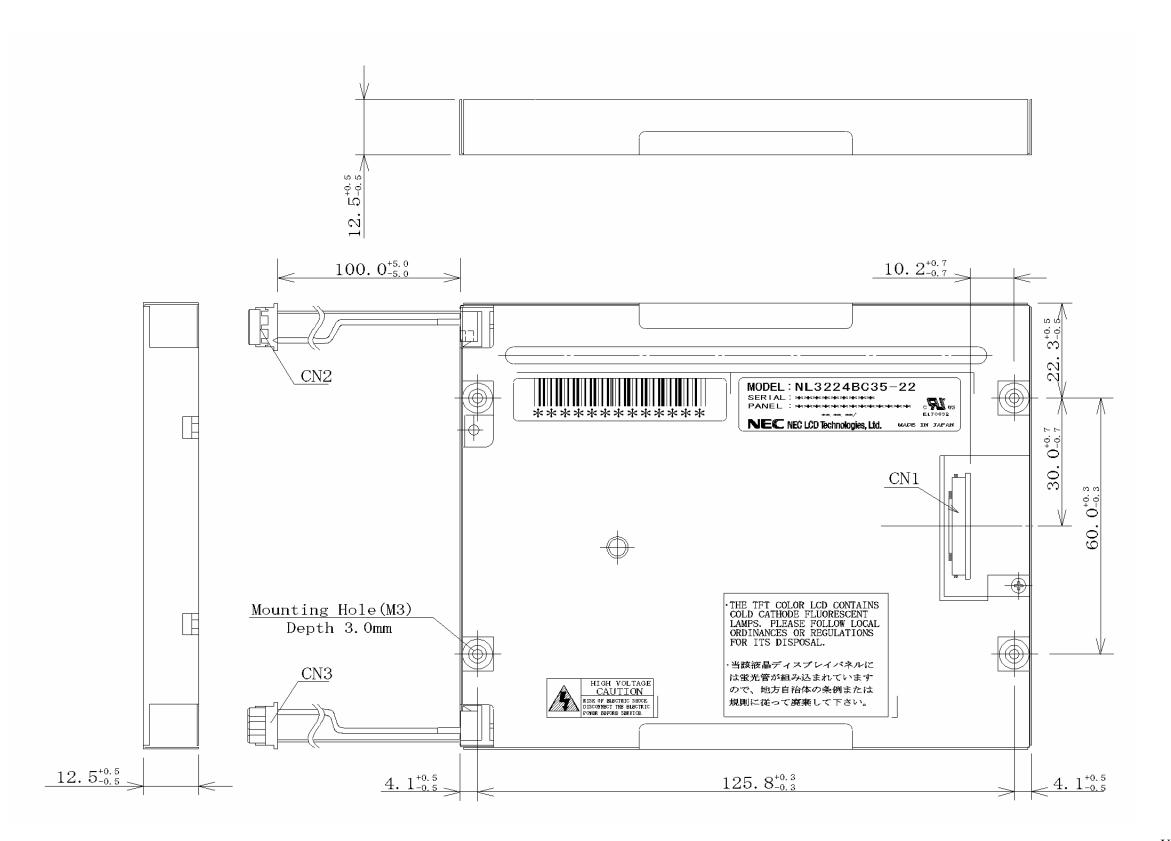


Note1: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm

NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Unit: mm