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SLLS824A - AUGUST 2007-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2011

# 3-V TO 5.5-V MULTICHANNEL RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER WITH ±15-kV ESD PROTECTION

Check for Samples: TRSF3223E

#### **FEATURES**

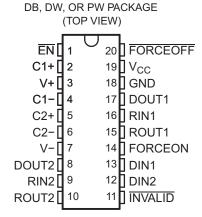
- · ESD Protection for RS-232 Bus Pins
  - ±15-kV Human-Body Model (HBM)
  - ±8-kV IEC 61000-4-2, Contact Discharge
  - ±15-kV IEC 61000-4-2, Air-Gap Discharge
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU v.28 Standards
- Operates With 3-V to 5.5-V V<sub>CC</sub> Supply
- Operates up to 1000 kbit/s
- Two Drivers and Two Receivers
- Low Standby Current . . . 1 µA Typ
- External Capacitors . . . 4 × 0.1 μF
- Accepts 5-V Logic Input With 3.3-V Supply

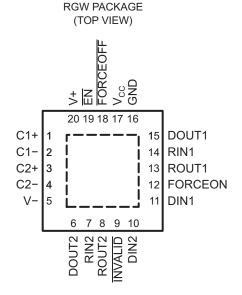
#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-Powered Systems
- PDAs
- Notebooks
- Laptops
- Palmtop PCs
- Hand-Held Equipment

## DESCRIPTION/ ORDERING INFORMATION

The TRSF3223E consists of two line drivers, two line receivers, and a dual charge-pump circuit with ±15-kV ESD protection pin to pin (serial-port connection pins, including GND). This device meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and provides the electrical interface between an asynchronous communication controller and the serial-port connector. The charge pump and four small external capacitors allow operation from a single 3-V to 5.5-V supply. The TRSF3223E operates at typical data signaling rates up to 1000 kbit/s.







Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



Flexible control options for power management are available when the serial port is inactive. The auto-powerdown feature functions when FORCEON is low and FORCEOFF is high. During this mode of operation, if the device does not sense a valid RS-232 signal, the driver outputs are disabled. If FORCEOFF is set low and EN is high, both drivers and receivers are shut off, and the supply current is reduced to 1 mA. Disconnecting the serial port or turning off the peripheral drivers causes auto-powerdown to occur. Auto-powerdown can be disabled when FORCEON and FORCEOFF are high. With auto-powerdown enabled, the device is automatically activated when a valid signal is applied to any receiver input. The INVALID output is used to notify the user if an RS-232 signal is present at any receiver input. INVALID is high (valid data) if any receiver input voltage is greater than 2.7 V or less than –2.7 V, or has been between –0.3 V and 0.3 V for less than 30 μs. INVALID is low (invalid data) if the receiver input voltage is between –0.3 V and 0.3 V for more than 30 μs. Refer to Figure 4 for receiver input levels.

Table 1. ORDERING INFORMATION

T <sub>A</sub>	PACKA	AGE <sup>(1)</sup> (2)	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
	COIC DW	Tube of 25	TRSF3223ECDWR  TRSF3223ECDB  TRSF3223ECDBR  TRSF3223ECPW  TRSF3223ECPWR  TRSF3223EIDW  TRSF3223EIDWR	TDCC2000CC
	SOIC – DW	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223ECDWR	TRSF3223EC
000 to 7000	CCOD DD	Tube of 70	TRSF3223ECDB	DTOOLO
0°C to 70°C	SSOP – DB	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223ECDBR	RT23EC
	TOOOD DW	Tube of 70	TRSF3223ECPW	DTOOFO
	TSSOP – PW	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223ECPWR	RT23EC
	0010 DW	Tube of 25	TRSF3223EIDW	TDOFOCOSTI
	SOIC – DW	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223EIDWR	TRSF3223EI
	0000 00	Tube of 70	TRSF3223EIDB	DTOOF
–40°C to 85°C	SSOP – DB	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223EIDBR	RT23EI
	TOOOD DIV	Tube of 70	TRSF3223EIPW	DTOOF
	TSSOP – PW	Reel of 2000	TRSF3223EIPWR	RT23EI
	QFN – RGW	Reel of 3000	TRSF3223EIRGWR	RT23EI

- (1) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (2) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

#### **FUNCTION TABLES**

#### Each Driver(1)

			Eddii Biivoi		
		INPUTS		OUTDUT	
DIN	FORCEON	FORCEOFF	VALID RIN RS-232 LEVEL	OUTPUT DOUT	DRIVER STATUS
Х	Х	L	X	Z	Powered off
L	Н	Н	X	Н	Normal operation with
Н	Н	Н	X	L	auto-powerdown disabled
L	L	Н	Yes	Н	Normal operation with
Н	L	Н	Yes	L	auto-powerdown enabled
L	L	Н	No	Z	Powered off by
Н	L	Н	No	Z	auto-powerdown feature

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

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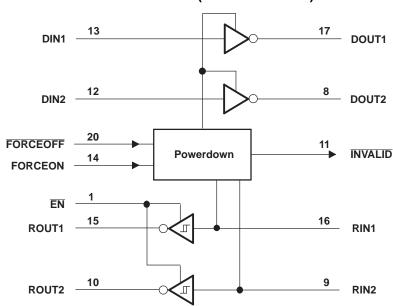
## Each Receiver<sup>(1)</sup>

	INPU <sup>-</sup>	rs	OUTPUT
RIN	EN	VALID RIN RS-232 LEVEL	ROUT
L	L	X	Н
Н	L	X	L
X	Н	X	Z
Open	L	No	Н

- (1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant,

  - Z = high impedance (off),
    Open = input disconnected or connected driver off

#### **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



Pin numbers are for the DB, DW, and PW packages.



## Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range		-0.3	6	V
V+	Positive-output supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3	7	V
V-	Negative-output supply voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>		0.3	<b>–</b> 7	V
V+ - V-	Supply voltage difference <sup>(2)</sup>			13	V
V	land to the manner	Driver (FORCEOFF, FORCEON, EN)	-0.3	6	
VI	Input voltage range	Receiver	-25	25	V
.,	Outrot valtage reserv	Driver	-13.2	13.2	
Vo	Output voltage range	Receiver (INVALID)	-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
		DB package		70	
$\theta_{JA}$	Package thermal impedance (3) (4)	DW package		58	°C/W
		PW package		83	
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltages are with respect to network GND.

## Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(1)</sup>

See Figure 6

				MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
	Cupply veltage		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	3	3.3	3.6	V
	Supply voltage		$V_{CC} = 5 V$	4.5	5	5.5	V
17	Driver and control	DIN, EN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	2		V	
$V_{IH}$	high-level input voltage	DIN, EN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON	$V_{CC} = 5 V$	2.4			V
$V_{IL}$	Driver and control low-level input voltage	DIN, EN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON				0.8	V
.,	Driver and control input voltage	DIN, EN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON		0		5.5	
VI	Receiver input voltage			-25		25	V
т	Operating free cir temperature		TRSF3223EC	0		70	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		TRSF3223EI	-40		85	C

<sup>(1)</sup> Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

## Electrical Characteristics(1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PAF	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP <sup>(2)</sup> MAX		UNIT	
I	Input leakage current	EN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON			±0.01	±1	μΑ
		Auto-powerdown disabled	$V_{CC}$ = 3.3 <u>V or 5 V, T<sub>A</sub></u> = 25°C, No load, FORCEOFF and FORCEON at $V_{CC}$		0.3	1	mA
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	Powered off	No load, FORCEOFF at GND		1	10	
		Auto-powerdown enabled	No load, FORCEOFF at V <sub>CC</sub> , FORCEON at GND, All RIN are open or grounded		1	10	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V ± 0.5 V.

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<sup>(3)</sup> Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.

<sup>(4)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$  or  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ , and  $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

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#### **DRIVER SECTION**

#### Electrical Characteristics(1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	5	5.4		V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	<b>-</b> 5	-5.4		V
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input current	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$		±0.01	±1	μΑ
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> at GND		±0.01	±1	μΑ
	Short-circuit output current <sup>(3)</sup>	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}$		±35	±60	mA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short-circuit output current	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}$		133	ΞOU	ША
r <sub>o</sub>	Output resistance	$V_{CC}$ , V+, and V- = 0 V, $V_{O}$ = ±2 V	300	10M		Ω
	Output lookage current	$\overline{\text{FORCEOFF}}$ = GND, $V_{\text{CC}}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V, $V_{\text{O}}$ = ±12 V			±25	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$\overline{\text{FORCEOFF}}$ = GND, $V_{\text{CC}}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, $V_{\text{O}}$ = ±12 V			±25	μA

<sup>(1)</sup> Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V. (2) All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

## Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

Р	ARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup> N	ΛΑN	UNIT
	Maximum		C <sub>L</sub> = 1000 pF		250			
	data rate	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$ , One DOUT switching	$C_L = 250 pF,$	$V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 4.5 V	1000			kbit/s
	(see Figure 1)	one boot ownering	$C_L = 1000 pF,$	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	1000			
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF to } 2500 \text{ pF},$	$R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 7 \text{ k}\Omega,$	See Figure 2		300		ns
	Slew rate.	$R_L = 7 k\Omega$ ,	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF to } 1000 \text{ pF}$		8		90	
SR(tr)	transition region	$R_1 = 3 k\Omega$	C <sub>L</sub> = 1000 pF		12		60	V/µs
	(see Figure 1)	$L\Gamma = 2 K77$	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF to 250 pF	·	24		150	

Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V. All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

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Short-circuit durations should be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power dissipation ratings, and not more than one output should be shorted at a time.



#### RECEIVER SECTION

#### Electrical Characteristics (1)

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 6)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6	$V_{CC} - 0.1$		V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6 mA			0.4	V
\/	Positive-going input threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V		1.6	2.4	V
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input tilleshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V		1.9	2.4	V
\/	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	0.6	1.1		V
$V_{IT-}$	Negative-going input threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	0.6	1.4		V
$V_{hys}$	Input hysteresis (V <sub>IT+</sub> - V <sub>IT-</sub> )			0.5		V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$\overline{EN} = V_{CC}$		±0.05		μΑ
ri	Input resistance	$V_I = \pm 3 \text{ V to } \pm 25 \text{ V}$	3	5		kΩ

<sup>(1)</sup> Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V. (2) All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

## Switching Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF, See Figure 3	150	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C <sub>L</sub> = 150 pF, See Figure 3	150	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	Output enable time	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF}, R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ See Figure 4}$	200	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	Output disable time	$C_L = 150 \text{ pF}, R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ See Figure 4}$	200	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>	See Figure 3	50	ns

Test conditions are C1–C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V; C1 = 0.047  $\mu$ F, C2–C4 = 0.33  $\mu$ F at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V. All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V or V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, and T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH}-t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

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#### **AUTO-POWERDOWN SECTION**

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	TEST C	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>T+(valid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND,	FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>		2.7	٧
V <sub>T-(valid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID high-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND,	FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	-2.7		٧
V <sub>T(invalid)</sub>	Receiver input threshold for INVALID low-level output voltage	FORCEON = GND,	FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	0.3	٧
V <sub>OH</sub>	INVALID high-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = 1 mA, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	FORCEON = GND,	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6		٧
V <sub>OL</sub>	INVALID low-level output voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6 mA, FORCEOFF = V <sub>CC</sub>	FORCEON = GND,		0.4	V

## **Switching Characteristics**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 5)

	PARAMETER	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	UNIT
t <sub>valid</sub>	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	1	μs
t <sub>invalid</sub>	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	30	μs
t <sub>en</sub>	Supply enable time	100	μs

(1) All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V or  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V, and  $T_A$  = 25°C.



#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

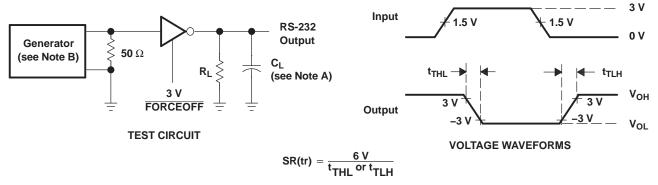


Figure 1. Driver Slew Rate

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

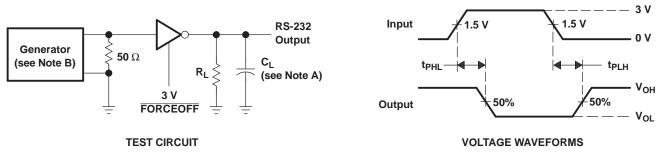


Figure 2. Driver Pulse Skew

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

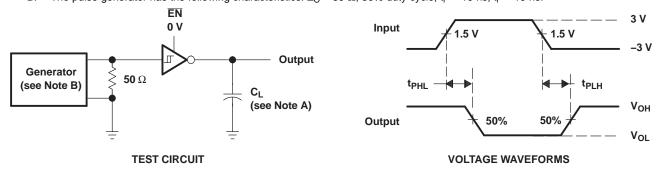


Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delay Times

- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

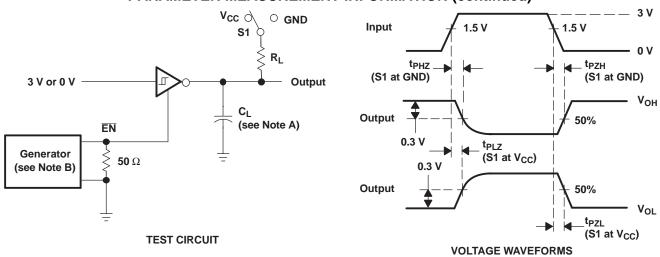


Figure 4. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

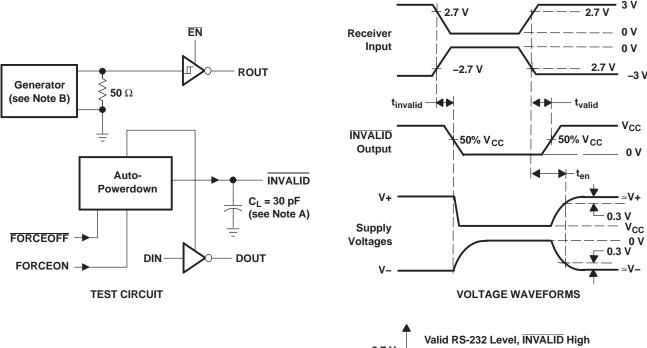
- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 250 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \le 10$  ns,  $t_f \le 10$  ns.

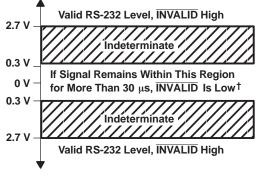
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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



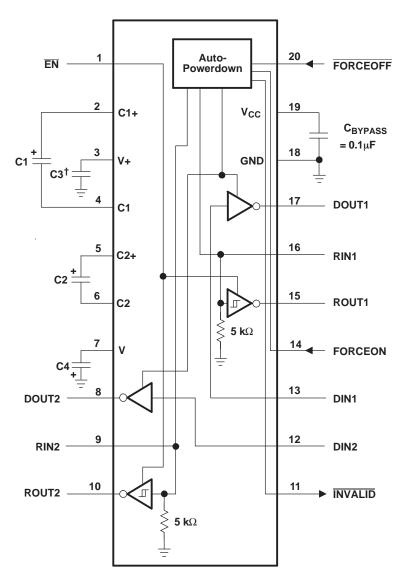


 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$  Auto-powerdown disables drivers and reduces supply current to 1  $\mu A$ 

Figure 5. INVALID Propagation Delay Times and Supply Enabling Time



#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$  C3 can be connected to  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

NOTES: A. Resistor values shown are nominal.

B. Nonpolarized ceramic capacitors are acceptable. If polarized tantalum or electrolytic capacitors are used, they should be connected as shown.

V<sub>CC</sub> vs CAPACITOR VALUES

V <sub>CC</sub>	C1	C2, C3, and C4			
3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V	<b>0.1</b> μ <b>F</b>	<b>0.1</b> μ <b>F</b>			
5 V ± 0.5 V	<b>0.047</b> μ <b>F</b>	<b>0.33</b> μ <b>F</b>			
3 V to 5.5 V	<b>0.1</b> μ <b>F</b>	<b>0.47</b> μ <b>F</b>			

Figure 6. Typical Operating Circuit and Capacitor Values

### SLLS824A -AUGUST 2007-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2011



## **REVISION HISTORY**

C	Changes from Original (August 2007) to Revision A						
•	Added RGW package to datasheet.	1					
•	Deleted RHL package from datasheet.	1					





24-Aug-2014

#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

_												
	Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
		(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
	TRSF3223ECDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	RT23EC	Samples
	TRSF3223ECPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	RT23EC	Samples
	TRSF3223EIDBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RT23EI	Samples
	TRSF3223EIDWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TRSF3223EI	Samples
	TRSF3223EIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	70	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RT23EI	Samples
	TRSF3223EIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RT23EI	Samples
	TRSF3223EIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	RT23EI	Samples
	TRSF3223EIRGWR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGW	20	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	RT23EI	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

24-Aug-2014

- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TRSF3223ECDBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	7.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
TRSF3223ECPWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TRSF3223EIDBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	7.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
TRSF3223EIDWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	330.0	24.4	10.8	13.3	2.7	12.0	24.0	Q1
TRSF3223EIPWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	330.0	16.4	6.95	7.1	1.6	8.0	16.0	Q1
TRSF3223EIRGWR	VQFN	RGW	20	3000	330.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q2

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TRSF3223ECDBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TRSF3223ECPWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TRSF3223EIDBR	SSOP	DB	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TRSF3223EIDWR	SOIC	DW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
TRSF3223EIPWR	TSSOP	PW	20	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
TRSF3223EIRGWR	VQFN	RGW	20	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0

DW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AC.



## DW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Refer to IPC7351 for alternate board design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



## PW (R-PDSO-G20)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



## DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

#### **28 PINS SHOWN**

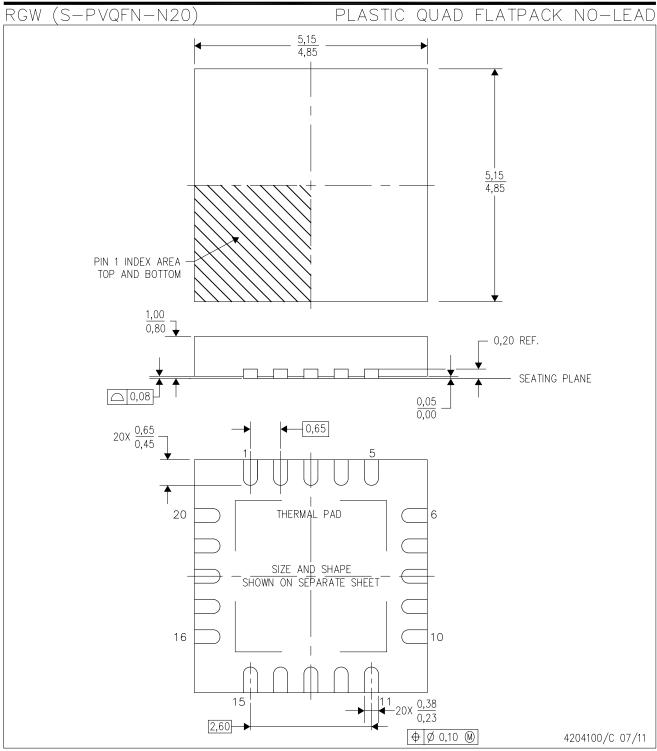


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5—1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Quad Flat pack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



## RGW (S-PVQFN-N20)

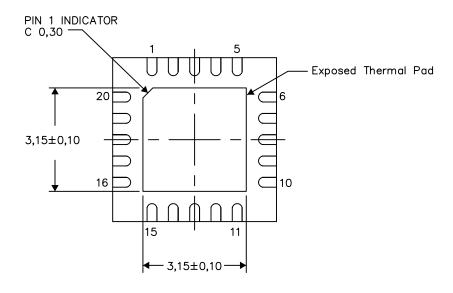
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

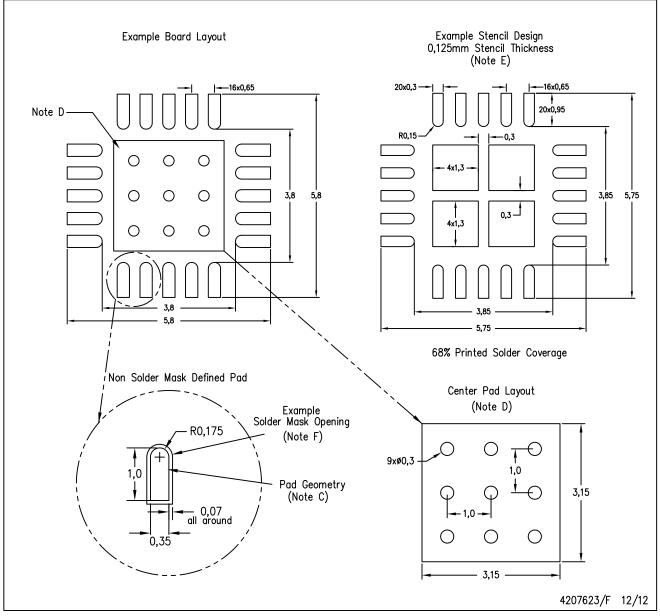
4206352-2/K 12/12

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



## RGW (S-PVQFN-N20)

## PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- ES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
  - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="https://www.ti.com">www.ti.com</a>.
  - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
  - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.



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